

## PYQ Solution [IIT-JAM]

### (Chapter 2 Interference)

Ans. 1: (a)

Solution: The locus of constant path difference on plate  $P_2$  is straight line. Therefore on plate  $P_2$  interference fringes are straight line in nature. Whereas on plate  $P_1$  the locus of constant path difference is circular, therefore fringes are circular

Ans. 2: (d)

Solution: For two slits,  $I_2 = (a + a)^2 = 4a^2$

For three slits,  $I_3 = (a + a + a)^2 = 9a^2$

$$\therefore \frac{I_2}{I_3} = \frac{4}{9} \Rightarrow I_2 = \frac{4}{9} I_3$$

Ans. 3: (a)

Solution:  $\phi_1 = \frac{k_0}{2}(\sqrt{3}x + y) - \omega t$ ,  $\phi_2 = \frac{k_0}{\sqrt{2}}(x + y) - \omega t$

$$\Delta\phi = \phi_1 - \phi_2 = \frac{k_0}{2}[\sqrt{3}x + y - \sqrt{2}x - \sqrt{2}y] = \frac{k_0}{2}[(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})x + (1 - \sqrt{2})y]$$

For maxima:  $\Delta\phi = 2m\pi$

$$\frac{k_0}{2}[(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})x + (1 - \sqrt{2})y] = 2m\pi$$

$$(\sqrt{3} - \sqrt{2})x + (1 - \sqrt{2})y = \frac{4m\pi}{2\pi/\lambda} = 2m\lambda$$